

### Conversion Factors Between ppb and $\mu\text{g m}^{-3}$ and ppm and $\text{mgm}^{-3}$

On the UK Air Quality Archive, and for reporting data to the European Commission, the appropriate conversion factors at 20°C and 1013 mb are used.

Pollutant	EC 20°C and 1013mb	WHO 25°C and 1013mb
Ozone	1 ppb = $2.00 \mu\text{g m}^{-3}$	1 ppb = $1.96 \mu\text{g m}^{-3}$
Nitrogen dioxide	1 ppb = $1.91 \mu\text{g m}^{-3}$	1 ppb = $1.88 \mu\text{g m}^{-3}$
Carbon monoxide	1 ppm = $1.16 \text{mg m}^{-3}$	1 ppm = $1.15 \text{mg m}^{-3}$
Sulphur dioxide	1 ppb = $2.66 \mu\text{g m}^{-3}$	1 ppb = $2.62 \mu\text{g m}^{-3}$
Benzene	1 ppb = $3.25 \mu\text{g m}^{-3}$	1 ppb = $3.19 \mu\text{g m}^{-3}$
1,3-butadiene	1 ppb = $2.25 \mu\text{g m}^{-3}$	1 ppb = $2.21 \mu\text{g m}^{-3}$

NO<sub>x</sub> in  $\mu\text{gm}^{-3}$  is expressed as NO<sub>2</sub>. i.e. (NO ppb + NO<sub>2</sub> ppb) \* 1.91 = NO<sub>x</sub>  $\mu\text{gm}^{-3}$ .

In the UK gravimetric equivalent PM<sub>10</sub> data are calculated from TEOM monitoring data by applying a default factor of 1.3.